Scotland’s Census 2011

Release 2A

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Registrar General for Scotland
26 September 2013
Scotland’s Census

- Census results have already shown population growth in Scotland.

- These latest results paint a detailed picture of Scottish society and it’s a more diverse picture than we have seen before.

- They will help us all plan for the future of Scotland using accurate information showing who we are and how we live.
Yesterday’s Release

New information in yesterday’s release covers:

- Marital and civil partnership status
- Ethnicity
- Country of birth
- National identity
- Language
- Religion
- Health
- Housing and accommodation

Published at national, council area and health board areas
The population context

- Scotland’s population was 5.3 million on 27 March 2011

- Population grew by over 0.2 million (4.6 per cent) since 2001 (7.1% increase in E&W)

- Under 5s up, whilst fall in 5-14 year olds

- More over 65s:
  One in six aged 65 or over
  More than 34,000 people aged 90 or over
Marital & civil partnership status

Proportion of population by status, 2011 and 2001

- Married (including re-married)
- Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership)
- Divorced (or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved)
- Widowed (or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership)
- Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership)
- In a registered same-sex civil partnership

Percentage of all people aged 16 and over
## Ethnicity

Proportion of people by ethnic group, 2001 and 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Broad ethnic group</th>
<th>2001</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White Scottish</td>
<td>88.1</td>
<td>84.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White other British</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other white</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed or multiple ethnic groups</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian, Asian Scottish or Asian British</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caribbean or Black</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ethnic groups</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Growing ethnic diversity

Proportion of people reported as belonging to minority ethnic group between 2001 and 2011

2001

2011

Legend:
- Less than 1%
- 1% to less than 2%
- 2% to less than 5%
- 5% to less than 10%
- 10% and over

National Records of Scotland

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Shaping our future
Growing ethnic diversity

The proportion of population reported as belonging to a minority ethnic group varies by council area:

Highest:
- Glasgow City - 12 per cent
- City of Edinburgh and Aberdeen City - 8 per cent
- Dundee City - 6 per cent

Lowest:
- North Ayrshire – 1.1 per cent
- Eilean Siar – 0.9 per cent
- Orkney Islands – 0.7 per cent
More people born abroad

- 7 per cent of people living in Scotland were born abroad, increase of 3 percentage points since 2001
- 55 per cent of those born abroad arrived between 2004 and 2011
- 69 per cent were of working age (aged 16-64) when they arrived
- 38 per cent were in their twenties
- In Aberdeen City, 1 person in 6 was born abroad compared with East Ayrshire where 1 person in 44 was born abroad
Countries of birth outside of the UK

2001:
- Republic of Ireland
- Germany
- Pakistan
- United States of America
- India
- Canada
- South Africa
- Australia
- Hong Kong
- Italy
- France
- New Zealand
- China
- Netherlands
- North Africa

2011:
- Poland
- India
- Republic of Ireland
- Germany
- Pakistan
- United States of America
- China
- South Africa
- Nigeria
- Canada
- Australia
- Hong Kong
- France
- Italy
- Spain
Poland as country of birth: Local pattern

- Councils with highest proportion of people in their area born in Poland:
  - Aberdeen City (2.9 per cent)
  - City of Edinburgh (2.4 per cent)
  - West Lothian (1.7 per cent)

- Councils with lowest proportion of people in their area born in Poland:
  - North Ayrshire (0.16 per cent)
  - Inverclyde (0.13 per cent)
  - East Dunbartonshire (0.12 per cent)
European comparisons:
Proportion of foreign born population
National identity

Proportion of population by national identity, 2011
National identity – 4 city councils

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Percentage of population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| City of Edinburgh | Other identity only: 10%  
Other UK identities: 50%  
British only: 30%  
Scottish and other: 10%  
Scottish and British only: 0%  
Scottish only: 100% |
| Aberdeen City  | Other identity only: 10%  
Other UK identities: 50%  
British only: 30%  
Scottish and other: 10%  
Scottish and British only: 0%  
Scottish only: 100% |
| Glasgow City   | Other identity only: 10%  
Other UK identities: 50%  
British only: 30%  
Scottish and other: 10%  
Scottish and British only: 0%  
Scottish only: 100% |
| Dundee City    | Other identity only: 10%  
Other UK identities: 50%  
British only: 30%  
Scottish and other: 10%  
Scottish and British only: 0%  
Scottish only: 100% |
Language

English language proficiency

- 1.4 per cent of people (73,000) aged 3 and over in Scotland were reported as being unable to speak English well or at all.

Language spoken at home

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English only</td>
<td>4,741,000</td>
<td>92.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scots</td>
<td>56,000</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polish</td>
<td>54,000</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gaelic</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Sign Language</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>230,000</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Gaelic

Gaelic speakers by age, Scotland, 2001 and 2011

[Bar chart showing the percentage of age groups who speak Gaelic in 2001 and 2011.]

3 to 4  5 to 14  15 to 19  20 to 44  45 to 64  65 to 74  75 and over
0.0   0.5   1.0   1.5   2.0   2.5

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Scots Language Issues

- Strong desire for Scots language question
- Cognitive testing of question revealed lack of understanding of what Scots is:
  - "Scots is only what I would consider to be English with a Scottish accent...."
  - "I wouldn’t know where to put the difference between Scottish dialects of English and Scots."
  - "...Who do I consider to speak Scots? Well probably somebody from about 250 years ago."
- As a result – 38% of people aged 3+ in Scotland can speak, read, write or understand Scots, and 30% can speak it.
- Likely to be an over-estimate and results should be interpreted with caution
Belonging to a religion

Proportion of people by religion, Scotland, 2001 and 2011
Christian compared to No Religion


Proportion of people who responded ‘No religion’, Scotland, 2011

- Less than 30%
- 30% to less than 40%
- 40% to less than 50%
- 50% to less than 60%
- 60% and over
Self-perception of general health

- 82 per cent of usual residents reported their general health as ‘Very good’ or ‘Good’.

- This varied across the country from 77 per cent in Glasgow City to 87 per cent in Aberdeenshire.
20 per cent of people (1,040,000) had a long-term health problem or disability which limited their daily activities. Unchanged since 2001.

This ranged from 15 per cent in Aberdeenshire to 24 per cent in Inverclyde.
Long-term health conditions

- New question for 2011
- Around 300,000 text responses provided, some of which could be coded to one of the tick box responses.
- Users prefer to wait for more accurate results
- Results will be provided in a later release.
Provision of unpaid care

- 500,000 people (9 per cent) provided unpaid care for someone because of long term physical or mental ill health or disability, or problems related to old age. Little change since 2001.

- Of those, 44 per cent (219,000) were providing 20 or more hours of care a week which was a seven percentage points increase since 2001.
Housing and accommodation

- One person households now most common household type
- accounts for 35 per cent of all households.
Communal establishments

- Care homes: 37%
- Other medical or care establishments: 5%
- Educational establishments: 38%
- Hotels, guest houses, B&Bs youth hostels & holiday accommodation: 5%
- Prison services: 5%
- Other establishments: 5%
Household tenure

Percentage of households

- Owned outright
- Owned with a mortgage or a loan
- Owned: shared ownership
- Rented from council (Local Authority)
- Other social rented
- Rented from private landlord or letting agency
- Other

2001
2011
Car or van availability

- One car or van
- No cars or vans
- Two or more cars or vans

Percentage of households

Year:
- 1991
- 2001
- 2011
Summary

- A picture of change and growing diversity
- But much more still to come:
  - Release 2B (early November) – All levels of geography for today’s topics plus:
    - Education
    - Labour Market
  - Release 2C (mid December) – All levels of geography
    - Living Arrangements
Further information

- All data available at: www.scotlandsensus.gov.uk
- Also sign up there for our e-newsletter

- General Enquiries: Customer@gro-scotland.gsi.gov.uk