

# Learning Progress Assessments: Guidance notes



















The SAGE project is a collaboration with the Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education of the Government of Zimbabwe.

This material has been funded by UK aid from the UK government.

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## Background to this document

The Supporting Adolescents Girls' Education (SAGE) programme has been working with out of school learners who have never been to school or who dropped out before completing Grade 5 to improve their basic literacy and numeracy skills before transitioning into various exit pathways. As such, SAGE needed to track the girls' learning without triggering anxiety that can be associated with exams/ tests. The tracking, combined with setting realistic targets for improvement, supports teachers and educators to ensure learners progress across their learning programmes. This three part-assessment package supports learners at the beginning, middle and end of their learning trajectory. The time frame for administering the progress assessment can vary (from one year to three years), as long as the emphasis remains on the learner progressing throughout the programme.

#### To note:

Assessment *of* learning (also called 'summative assessment') takes place at the end of specific blocks of learning. In SAGE, this type of assessment is called a *progress assessment*.

## Purpose of the learning progress assessments

The SAGE Learning Progress Assessments help you determine the progress of your learners at three different points in your learning programme. As learners join your programme, the *Initial Progress Assessment (IPA)* tells you about the strengths of the learner and which areas they need to work on over their first year of learning. Mid-way into the programme (usually at the end of year one), the *Mid Progress Assessment (MPA)* continues to evidence learners' progress across the same set of Literacy/ Learning English and Numeracy sub-tasks. The assessment strategy is designed as a test/retest from the start to the end of the programme (usually at the end of year two) through the *End Progress Assessment (EPA)*.



To help you in supporting learners with a disability, we've added this symbol to these instructions

## **Tracking progress**

The SAGE learning progress assessments are designed to help you track individual and cohort progress using an innovative colour-coding + scoring system. Each of the three subject areas (numeracy, literacy + English) gives a learner the opportunity to score in the blue level (ECD-Grade 2), the pink level (Grade 2-4) and the yellow level (Grade 5+). The use of overlapping colour-coding allows for a 'best fit' within and across the sub-tasks and also means that learners can be referred to as working within a particular colour-banding, rather than being reduced to a single absolute score.

The learner completes the sub-tasks within each of the two assessments (numeracy, literacy + English). Scores are collated numerically and colour-coded using the SAGE scoring guides and recorded on the *Progress Assessment Forms* (IPAF/MPAF/EPAF).

The test is designed to be a progress by girl test; however, the numerical scores also allow for aggregate scores at a setting, district or area and/or programme level.

## Instructions

Read these guidance notes carefully.

## STEP 1: Undertaking the assessments

#### You will need

- The IPA/MPA or EPA
- Paper/pencil for recording learners' answers
- **Progress Assessment Form**

#### Learners will need

- Paper/pencil for the learners to use (if they wish)
- ALL learners need a LEARNER copy for each assessment



- Find a safe space to carry out the assessment. (Please check your organisations' safeguarding policies and standard operating procedures).
- Complete one assessment with one learner at a time. Each learner needs to complete one assessment for numeracy (10 minutes) and one assessment for literacy/Learning English at two different times.
- SAGE welcomes parent/caregivers to remain nearby so they can observe the safety of their child throughout the screening process, particularly if they are a learner with a disability who may require extra assistance.
- If a learner has a disability, ask her/him or her/his caregiver, what s/he needs to feel comfortable in this process (e.g. being in a quiet space, sitting at a table, using an assistive device).
- The tasks should be quick and informal (up to 10 minutes). Your role is to help the learners show 5. what they can do. Be friendly and encouraging.
- 6. If a learner has a disability, discuss with your coordinator about adaptations. This may include: giving more time, dividing assessment into smaller tasks, enlarged text, use of braille/sign language, with an interpreter.
- Use English for literacy/Learning English. 7.
- 8. Use English/home language/vernacular for numeracy.
- Learners can use concrete resources to help them in numeracy and paper/pens to show their workings out.

#### **Process**

- Follow the guidance notes for the appropriate IPA/MPA/EPA literacy/Learning English tasks and then the numeracy tasks (See Appendices A, B and C).
- The comment boxes are prompts for you. They provide additional information that helps you 2. assess accurately.
- Complete the whole assessment before colour banding the learners.
- To find out the colour band, you need to score the learners as they respond in the assessment.

- 5. You need a piece of paper and pen/pencil so you can score the learners as they move swiftly through the sub-tasks.
- 6. All learners should attempt the blue questions, but not all learners will be able to answer. For these learners try the next question. If a learner finds the questions difficult, be encouraging and kind. If s/he gets five questions in a row wrong, move onto the next task.
- 7. When the learner finishes the first assessment, thank her/him for working hard. Tell her/him if/when s/he will be completing the second assessment.
- 8. At the end of the assessment, congratulate the learner for trying her/his best. Ask the learner if s/he has any questions for you.
- Score the assessment and complete the relevant *Progress Assessment Form* using the guidance notes.

### STEP 2: Scoring the assessment

- 1. **IMPORTANT** Look at the appropriate IPA/MPA/EPA **Progress Assessment Form**
- Look at the Progress Assessment Task instructions and the Progress Assessment Scoring Guide.
   The scores and colours are clearly listed.
- 3. Record the score the learner achieved for each sub-task and add the corresponding colour. For example, on **Speaking and listening**, if Patience scores 2 out of a possible 8 marks, this is **Blue**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **B** (for blue) instead.
- 4. Total up each learner's score for **Numeracy** and **Literacy/Learning English sub-total**.

## **STEP 3: Next steps**

Check all of your scoring, the sub-totals and the final score before submitting your results to your school coordinator or relevant colleagues.

## **STEP 4: Setting targets**

The most important thing to remember when assessing your learners is to understand what their scores mean. Make time to review the learners' progress. Read the individual progress of the learners and ask questions; for example:

- Where did this learner do well? Where does s/he need more support?
- Are there any surprises in the data? Have learners performed better than expected/not as well as expected?

As well as looking at individual scores/colours. Read the progress of the whole cohort and ask questions; for example:

- Which colour is the most prominent in numeracy, in literacy, in English? Why is this?
- As an educator, which is your strongest subject? Which areas need more consideration?
- What next for your cohort? What professional development needs can you identify for yourself?

## Step 5: Learning about Learning: Progress assessment data reflections

#### Part A - Understanding the individual learner

Once all assessments are done it is important that you understand the meaning of data from each learner, subject and hub level. Remember learner's individual scores on each sub-task links to sub-totals. It is possible for a learner to be working within individual sub-tasks at different levels, for example have high attainment in number sense but lower attainment in number operations. As you are going through each learner's profile it is important to reflect as follows; What are the learner's strengths and weaknesses? Which is their best subject? Is there anything they do well in one subject that they might be able to use in another? What can you do as an educator to help the learner improve?

The next step is to look at learner's progress results from the IPA to the MPA results or MPA to EPA results.

Hopefully, you can see that the numbers and colours combine to tell a story about an individual learner.

#### Example

Initial Progress Assessment (IPA)

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	1. Record each girl's motivation for coming to the hub
Patience Dube 011209	4	3	3	2	9	2	3	26	Writing in Ndebele

#### Mid Progress Assessment (MPA)

NAME AND ID NUMBER	8	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (3)	Short passage reading (23)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (87)	1. Record each girl's aspiration for the future.  2. What has been your biggest success since joining SAGE?	
Patience Dube 011209		5	5	9	2	15	4	5	45	Taxi driver Being able to check my change	

Figure 1: Patience's literacy learning from IPA to MPA

Over the course of one year of learning, Patience has progressed in her learning, in all areas. Her word reading has improved and she can now read and understand short passages of text. Patience has only scored one more point in her Speaking and Listening task. As an educator, you may have more information about Patience that explains why this is – maybe she is a shy girl, or maybe the educator asked her questions in English, instead of home language. There are lots of questions we can ask, but a good educator will know how to explain the data.

## Part B – Understanding the class



The next step is to look at the hub/class data as a whole. Remember this can be done for all progress assessments IPA, MPA and EPA. By looking at the colours under each sub category in numeracy, literacy and English, you can ask which subject needs more attention. Other questions might be: What would you say about the overall group performance? What are the areas learners might need to develop or where do they need more support?

When you have completed the Progress Assessment Form for your group of learners, you can also ask questions about your own performance. In this example (Figure 2), one girl does less well, why might that be? Does she have attendance issues, is she a learner who is ignored by the educator because she has a disability? Maybe this educator needs more support and guidance supporting learners who need additional support. This is useful information

Example										
NAME AND ID NUMBE	R	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	1. Record each girl's motivation for coming to the hub
Patience Dube 011209		4	3	3	2	9	2	3	26	Writing in Ndebele
Clara Farai 011207	<b>/</b>	4	NS	NS	2	NS	NS	NS	6	Making friends

Figure 2: Looking at hub/class level data

Learners' profiles are complex and the aim of understanding progress assessment is not to reduce learners in the hubs/class to numbers or colour codes, but for the different colours the learners achieve in the sub-tasks to be understood in terms of 'next steps' for support.

## APPENDIX A: Initial Progress Assessment supporting documents

### LITERACY/LEARNING ENGLISH

- Initial Progress Assessment (IPA)
- Initial Progress Assessment Learner copy
- Initial Progress Assessment (IPA) form

### **NUMERACY**

- Initial Progress Assessment (IPA)
- Initial Progress Assessment Learner copy
- Initial Progress Assessment (IPA) form



## <u>Literacy/Learning English</u> <u>Initial Progress Assessment (IPA): Module 1a</u> All learners need to complete the <u>Initial Progress Assessment</u> when they join the Hub.

Speaking and listening						
Ask the learner these questions in h not score.)	er/his home language. (Note	these two qu	uestions are	: introductor	ry, and do	
What is your name? Can you	write it down?					
Ask the learner these questions i Encourage her to answer in full s	What the assessor should look for: Add up the total number of questions answered. No score (NS) if one or no questions answered.					
low many are in your family?  for the future?		Can answer questions with one or two word answers Can answer questions in full sentences Can express attitude/feelings/ opinions & interests 1 point for each question answered correctly.				
Ask the learner these questions in h	ome language. Encourage her		ver in full se	entences.		
Point to something green and ask:  This is the colour green. True or False.	Point to a pencil and point to a book and ask:  The pencil is bigger than	Can answe	r true/false	statements		
	the book. True or False.	1 point for each question answered correctly.				
Ask the learner  How did you travel to the hub to with?		Can express mood attitude and emotion using stress, intonation and facial features				
		1 point for correctly.	each ques	tion answer	ed	
Why do you want to come to SAGE sessions? Ask the learner to explain her/his answer.			Absolute justification of answer (able to explain her/his choices).			
		-	simple res or detailed i	-		
			· 1	ns correct		
		NS	2	3-5	6-7	



Letter/sound knowledge						
What is the name of this letter or letters? What sound does it make?						
1 point for a correct letter/sound combination. s/ssss = 1 point; s/ppp = 0 points						
s	а					
р	t					
j	v					
sh	ch					
	1 point for each correct sound. NS if one or no questions answered.			one or no		
Sounds correct						
	NS	2-4	5-6	7-8		

Reading: Word reading							
Point to each word	Point to each word and ask the learner, What is this word?						
Stop when s/he ge	ts five words wrong	•					
а	if	dad	уа	ım	i	in	
pan	dog	toe	b	ig	g	et	
see	look	go	and		no		
line	plate	children	help		ca	me	
water	would	find	live		away		
different	another	stop	thought		suddenly		
			1 point fo	or each cor	rect word.	NS if two	
			or fe	ewer quest	ions answe	ered.	
				Sounds	correct		
			NS	3-10	11-20	21-30	



**Reading: Picture reading** 

Turn to page 9 in the Module 1a Learner's Self-Study Workbook.

Ask the learner: What can you see in this picture?

Describe what is happening. What might happen next?

1 point for each answer. NS if no questions answered.					
NS	1-2				

#### **Reading: Short passage reading**

Point to the word 'Chipinge – ask the learner to tell you the word. If s/he cannot read the word tell her/him what it says before s/he starts to read.

Tell the learner: Read the words silently to yourself.

Give her/him time to do this then say: Read the sentences to me.

Chipinge is a big town. It has a busy market. Mufaro lives there. She sells crops in the market.

1 point for each correct word. NS if three or fewer							
questions answered.							
Can read orally with expression							
NS	4-7	8-14	15-18				

Comprehension						
Ask the learner: What is the story about?	Reading to retell a story					
	1 point for co	rrect answer. N	S if no question	s answered.		
Ask the learners two questions: Question 1: Where does Mufaro live? Question 2: What does she sell in the market?	Read silently and answer comprehension questions Read with clarity and expression					
	1 point for each	ch correct answ	er.			
Ask the learner: What do you think could happen next?	Character ana	Character analysis such as behaviour or actions				
	-	imple answer. etailed answer.				
		Question	ns correct			
	NS	1	2-3	4-5		



W	Writing									
	Ask the learner if s/he can write in home language. If s/he can, ask her/him to write two sentence									
ab	out her/his homestead. If s/he cannot writ	e, ask her/him to draw a picture of her homestead.								
•	Correct pen handling	1 point for each of the bullet points								
•	Shaping letters correctly – small and capital	(up to 5 points)								
	letters	No Score if picture drawn or less skills shown.								
•	Simple sentences correctly punctuated:									
	question marks, full stops and capital letters									

• 0	Conjunctions 'and', 'but'	
• 0	Descriptions of people, objects, pictures	
• D	escription of people, objects, pictures and	1 point for each of the bullet points
р	laces using parts of speech – nouns, verbs,	(up to 3 points)
р	repositions and adjectives	
• F	luent, legible joined handwriting	

 Extended punctuation – full stop, question mark, comma and exclamation mark
 Can write fluently and confidently across creative

works, including prose/poetry and drama

1 additional point if learner can write a little more and in

more detail (u	more detail (up to 3 points)								
	Questions correct								
NS	3-5	6-8	9-11						



## Literacy/Learning English Initial Progress Assessment (IPA): Module 1a Learner copy

s	а
р	t
j	V
sh	ch

а	if	dad	yam	in
pan	dog	toe	big	get
see	look	go	and	no
line	plate	children	help	came
water	would	find	live	away
different	another	stop	thought	suddenly

Chipinge is a big town. It has a busy market. Mufaro lives there. She sells crops in the market.

Complete the IPA on all learners as they join at the hub. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **Initial Progress Assessment Form (IPAF)** by the end of Module 1a.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example on **Speaking and listening**, Patience scores 2 out of a possible 8 marks, which is **Blue**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **B** (for blue) instead.

#### Codes

•

=Learner has a disability known to the team.

and	Learni	ng Engl	ish Initi	al Prog	ress Ass	sessme	nt (IPA)	: Mod	lule 1a
				District					
					Coordi	nator/N	1obiliser		
	Literacy and Learning English						Comments		
	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	1. Record each learner's motivation for coming to the hub
	4	3	3	2	9	2	3	26	Writing in Ndebele
<b>√</b>	4	NS	NS	2	NS	NS	NS	6	Making friends
	and —	Speaking and listening (7)	Speaking and listening (7)  Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Speaking and listening (7)  Letter/sound knowledge (8)  Word reading (30)	Speaking and listening (7)  Letter/sound knowledge (8)  Word reading (30)  Picture reading (2)	Coordi  Letter/sound listening (7)  Letter/sound knowledge (8)  Word reading (30)  Picture reading (2)  Short passage reading (2)  Short passage reading (3)	District  Coordinator/N  Letter/sound  knowledge (8)  knowledge (8)  Word reading (2)  Picture reading (2)  Short passage reading (2)  2 Short passage reading (2)  Stort passage reading (3)  A 3 2 9 2	District  Coordinator/Mobiliser  Letter/sound knowledge (8)  Word reading (30)  Short passage reading (2)  Short passage reading (2)  Short passage reading (30)  Short passage reading (11)  A 3 3 2 9 2 3	Coordinator/Mobiliser  Letter/sound listening (7)  Rhowledge (8)  Word reading (30)  Picture reading (30)  Short passage reading (2)  Short passage reading (1)  Writing (11)  TOTAL (81)  Condinator/Mobiliser  A 3 3 5 6 7 3 26

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	Record each learner's motivation for coming to the hub
									ross Assassment Form (IDAE)

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	Record each learner's motivation for coming to the hub
Signed:		Commi	unity Ed	ucator			Date:		

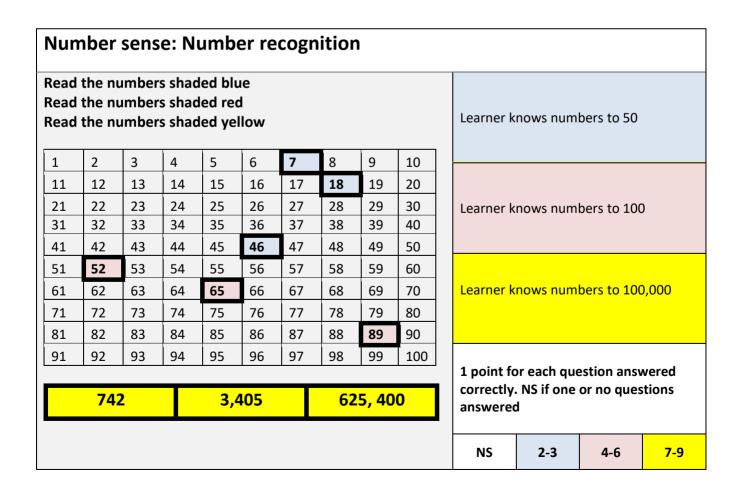
Signed:		Commu	unity Edi	ucator		Date:			
Signed:		District	Coordir	nator		Date:			



### **Numeracy** Initial Progress Assessment (IPA): Module 1a

All learners need to complete the **Initial Progress Assessment** when they join the Hub.

If the learner does not understand English, use home language. Then move on to the next numeracy task.	What the assessor should look for Add up the total number of questions answered.									
Number sense: Counting										
How many in each group?	Learner can count to 10									
	This is a practice activity for the learners.  For learners who do not know their numbers, try the next activity but if they do not score, stop the assessment.									
	1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if one or no questions answered									
	NS 2-3									





Numb	oer se	ense: l	Missin	g nun	nbers								
What n	umber	s are m	issing?										
	8		10				Learner k	nows miss	ing numbe	rs to 50			
What n	umber	s are m	issing?										
	12	14			20			Learner knows missing numbers to 100 (multiples)					
What n	umber	s are m	issing?					Learner knows missing numbers to 100,000 (backwards, multiples)					
	980	970	960					100,000 (backwards, martiples)					
									1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if no questions answered.				
								NS	1-3	4-6	7-9		

Number sense	e: Compa	ring and ord	lering numb	ers					
Which number is b	oigger?								
	6 or 10	30 or 50		Learner can compare numbers to 50					
Arrange these num	75, 11,			Learner c	an arrange	numbers t	to 100		
		•		Learner can arrange numbers to 100					
Arrange these num	-	est to largest  4, 202, 1100,		Learner can arrange numbers to 10000					
				1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if one or no questions answered.					
				NS	2	3	4		



Nu	Number sense: Place value						
What is the value of the underlined digit?					I component un de	anaka mada walio a	of digitalia
	4 <u>2</u>	<u>6</u> 3	<u>3</u> 80		Learner understands value of digits in numbers		
						ach question a if no question	
					NS	1	2-3

Number operations: Addition							
Find the to	otal of			The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	2 + 7	7+3		Can add s	ingle-digit	numbers	
Find the total of			The learn	er can use	any metho	d.	
	23 + 20	34 + 31		Can add two 2-digt numbers (without crossing tens boundary)			vithout
Find the total of		_	The learner can use any method. S/he should show working if s/he can.				
4 2 1 + 1 3 6 + 2 7 5			Can add two 3-digit numbers (creates boundary)		crossing		
			· -	-	estion ansv uestions a		
				NS	1-2	3-4	5-6



Number operations: Subtraction							
	5-3 9-7			The learner can use any method.  Can subtract single-digit numbers			
	27 – 20	43 – 21		The learn	er can use	any metho	d. numbers
	6 7 5 - 2 3 0	5 7 8 - 4 3 2		(without crossing tens boundary)  The learner can use any method. S/he should show working if s/he can.  Can subtract three-digit numbers		d. S/he n. ers	
				(without crossing tens boundary)  1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if no questions answered.			
				NS	1-2	3-4	5-6

Number operations: Multiplication							
	22	45		The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	3 × 2	4 × 5		Can multi	iply two sin	ıgle-digit nı	umbers
			1	The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	21 × 2	14 × 3			iply a two-o	digit numbe	er by a
	6 7 × 2 0	5 2 7 × <u>1 5</u>		The learner can use any method.  Can multiply two and three-digit numbers			
				-	or each que . NS if no q		
				NS	1-2	3-4	5-6

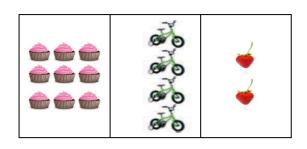


Number operations: Division					
8 ÷ 2	20 ÷ 5	Learner digit nun	can divide nber	by a singl	e
42 ÷ 6	80 ÷ 10		can divide nber (any	-	2-
4 4 2 8	9 3 6 9	numbers	can divide 5 (any met or each q	hod)	
			d correctl ns answere 1-2	-	5-6



## Numeracy Initial Progress Assessment (IPA): Module 1c

Learner copy



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

742	3,405	625, 400
		•

8		10		13
	,		1	
12	14		20	
	•			
980	970	960		

6 or 10	30 or 50			
7 11, 9, 100				
630, 2050, 54, 202, 1100,				

6 or 10 30 or 50

75, 11, 9, 100

630, 2050, 54, 202, 1100,



4<u>2</u> <u>6</u>3 <u>3</u>80

2 + 7	7 + 3		
23 + 20	34 + 31		
4 2 1 + 1 3 6	5 1 5 + <u>2 7 5</u>		

5 - 3	9 - 7		
27 - 20	43 - 21		
6 7 5 - <u>2 3 0</u>	5 7 8 - 4 3 2		

3 × 2 =	4 × 5 =		
21 × 2 =	14 × 3 =		
6 7	5 2 7		
× 2 0	× 1 5		

8 ÷ 2	20 ÷ 5				
42 ÷ 6	80 ÷ 10				
4 4 2 8	9 3 6 9				

Complete the IPA on all learners as they join at the hub. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **Initial Progress Assessment Form (IPAF)** by Week 8 of Module 1a.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example, on **Place Value** Patience scores 2 out of a possible 3 marks, which is **Yellow**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **Y** (for yellow) instead.

#### Codes

NS = No score - the learner did not score.
--

=Learner has a	disability known	to the team.
----------------	------------------	--------------

Numeracy Initial Progress Assessment (IPA): Module 1a												
Learning Hub						District						
Community Educator						Coordinator/Mobiliser						
			Num	nber se	nse			Nu	mber o	peratio	ons	
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Counting to 10 (3)	Counting to 10 (3)  Number recognition (9)  Missing numbers (9)  Comparing and ordering  numbers (4)  Place value (3)  TOTAL (28)  Addition (6)  Subtraction (6)						Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Patience Dube 011209		3	3	6	3	2	17	3	2	NS	NS	5
Clara Farai 011207	<b>√</b>	2	5	NS	NS	NS	7	2	2	NS	NS	4

		Number sense					Number operations					
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Counting to 10 (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)

		Number sense						mber o	peratio	ons	
NAME AND ID NUMBER	Counting to 10 (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Signed:	Cor	nmunity	<sup>,</sup> Educat	or	Da	ate:					

Signed:										
Signed:	District Coordinator D						ate:			

## APPENDIX B: Mid Progress Assessment supporting documents LITERACY/LEARNING ENGLISH

- Mid Progress Assessment (MPA)
- Mid Progress Assessment Learner copy
- Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) form

#### **NUMERACY**

- Mid Progress Assessment (MPA)
- Mid Progress Assessment Learner copy
- Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) form



## Literacy/Learning English Mid Progress Assessment (MPA): Module 1c

All learners need to complete the **Mid Progress Assessment** before the end of Module 1c. Time is given in Units 9 and 10 to complete them. Module 1c training will equip you with the skills to complete the assessments.

Speaking and listening						
Ask the learner these questions in h	er/his home language. (Note	these two qu	uestions are	: introducto	ry, and do	
not score.)						
What is your name? Can you v	vrite it down?					
Ask the learner these questions in Encourage her to answer in full so If the learner does not understan questions in her home language at task.	Add up the	e total num	hould look ber of ques (NS) if one o	tions		
How many are in your family?	Can answer questions with one- or two-word answers Can answer questions in full sentences Can express attitude/feelings/ opinions & interests  1 point for each question answered correctly.					
Ask the learner these questions in h	ome language. Encourage her	-	wer in full so	entences.		
Point to something green and ask:  This is the colour blue. True or False.	Can answer true/false statements  1 point for each question answered					
Ask the learner <b>What is your wish for your futur</b>	e?	Can express mood attitude and emotion using stress, intonation and facial features				
		1 point for correctly.	r each ques	tion answer	red	
What will help you achieve your Ask the learner to explain her/his	Absolute justification of answer (able to explain her/his choices).					
		_	r simple res or detailed	-		
			Questio	ns correct		
		NS	2	3-5	6-7	



Letter/sound knowledge								
What is the name of this letter or letters? What sound does it make?								
1 point for a correct letter/sound combination. 1 point for each correct sound. s/ssss = 1 point; s/ppp = 0 points								
а		C	d l					
m	g							
ch	ck							
gl	spr							
	1 point for each correct sound. NS if one or no questions answered.							
	Sounds correct							
	NS	2-4	5-6	7-8				

Reading: Word reading									
Point to each word and ask the learner, What is this word?									
Stop when s/he gets five words wrong.									
to	is	up	h	e		at			
dog	one	shut	wi	ish		door			
went	boys	that	learner		water				
nurse	carry	quickly	vill	age	sc	ramble			
because	impossible	known	ехре	cting	t	ongue			
serious	disappear	although	beli	ieve	st	rangely			
		1 point for each correct word. NS if two or fewer questions answered.  Sounds correct							
			NS	3-10	11-20	21-30			



**Reading: Picture reading** 

Turn to page 9 in the Module 1c Learner's Self-Study Workbook.

Ask the learner: What can you see in this picture?

Describe what is happening. What might happen next?

1 point for each answer. NS if no questions answered.							
NS	1-3						

#### **Reading: Short passage reading**

Point to the word 'tomatoes' – ask the learner to tell you the word. If s/he cannot read the word tell her/him what it says before s/he starts to read.

Tell the learner: Read the words silently to yourself.

Give her/him time to do this then say: Read the sentences to me.

Harare is a big city. It has a busy market. My mother sells tomatoes there. Children like her tomatoes. They always buy them.

1 point for each correct word. NS if three or fewer								
questions answered.								
Can reads orally with expression								
NS 4-7 8-14 15-23								

Comprehension							
Ask the learner: What is the story about?	Reading to retell a story						
	1 point for co	rrect answer. N	S if no question	ns answered.			
Ask the learners two questions: Question 1: What does the mother sell in the market? Question 2: Who buys the tomatoes?	Read silently and answer comprehension questions Read with clarity and expression						
	1 point for each correct answer.						
Ask the learner:  Why do you think the mother sells her tomatoes in the market and not by the	Character analysis such as behaviour or actions						
roadside?	1 point for a simple answer. 2 points for detailed answer.						
	Questions correct						
	NS	1	2-3	4-5			



Writing								
Look at the writing in each Learner's Self-Study Workbook. Decide if s/he is writing at blue, orange								
or yellow level. If s/he is not able to write, ask her to draw a picture of her favourite things.								
• Correct pen handling 1 point for each of the bullet points								
Shaping letters correctly – small and capital	(up to 5 point	s)						
letters	No Score if pi	cture drawn or	less skills show	m.				
Simple sentences correctly punctuated:								
question marks, full stops and capital letters								
Conjunctions 'and', 'but'								
Descriptions of people, objects, pictures								
Description of people, objects, pictures and	1 point for ea	ch of the bullet	points					
places using parts of speech – nouns, verbs,	(up to 3 point	:s)						
prepositions and adjectives								
Fluent, legible joined handwriting								
<ul> <li>Extended punctuation – full stop, question</li> </ul>								
mark, comma and exclamation mark								
Can write fluently and confidently across creative	1 additional p	oint if learner c	an write a little	more and in				
works, including prose/poetry and drama	more detail (u	p to 3 points)						
		Question	s correct					
	NS	3-5	6-8	9-11				



## Literacy/Learning English Mid Progress Assessment (MPA): Module 1a Learner copy

а	d
m	g
ch	ck
gl	spr

to	is	up	he	at
dog	one	shut	wish	door
went	boys	that	learner	water
nurse	carry	quickly	village	scramble
because	impossible	known	expecting	tongue
serious	disappear	although	believe	strangely

Harare is a big city. It has a busy market. My mother sells tomatoes there. Children like her tomatoes. They always buy them.

## Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) Form: Module 1c

Complete the Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) on all learners at the end of Module 1c. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your Mid Progress Assessment Form (MPAF) at the end of Module 1c.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example on **Speaking and listening**, Patience scores 5 out of a possible 7 marks, which is **Pink**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **P** (for pink) instead.

#### Codes

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~

=Learner has a disability known to the team.

Literac	y/L	earning	Englis	h Mid P	rogress	Assess	ment (	MPA): [	Module	<b>1c</b>
Learning Hub						District				
Community Educator						Coord	inator/	Mobilise	er	
				Liter	acy/Lea	rning En	glish			Comments
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (3)	Short passage reading (23)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (87)	<ol> <li>Record each learner's aspiration for the future.</li> <li>What has been your biggest success since joining SAGE?</li> </ol>
Patience Dube 011209		5	5	9	2	15	4	5	45	Taxi driver Being able to check my change
Clara Farai 011207	<b>✓</b>	5	4	6	2	7	2	3	29	Business woman Walking to the hub with my friends

## Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) Form: Module 1c

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (3)	Short passage reading (23)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (87)	<ol> <li>Record each learner's aspiration for the future.</li> <li>What has been your biggest success since joining SAGE?</li> </ol>
									Assessment Form (MDAF)

## Mid Progress Assessment (MPA) Form: Module 1c

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (3)	Short passage reading (23)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (87)	<ol> <li>Record each learner's aspiration for the future.</li> <li>What has been your biggest success since joining SAGE?</li> </ol>
Signed:	•	Commi	unity Edi	ucator	•	•	Date:		

Signed:	Community Educator	Date:
Signed:	District Coordinator	Date:



## **Numeracy Mid Progress Assessment (MPA): Module 1c**

All learners need to complete the **Mid Progress Assessment** before the end of Module 1c. Time is given in Units 9 and 10 to complete them. Module 1c training will equip you with the skills to complete the assessments.

_	If the learner does not understand English, use home language. Then move on to the next numeracy task.			What the assessor should look for Add up the total number of questions answered.		
Num	nber sense: (	Counting				
How r	many dots are tl	here? Can you co	ount them?	Learner can count to	o 10	
	•••	•••	•	This is a practice act learners.	ivity for the	
		L		For learners who do numbers, try the ne they do not score, so	xt activity but if	
				1 point for each que correctly. NS if one answered		
				NS	2-3	

Number sense:	Number sense: Number recognition					
What number is this	?		Loarnor k	nows num	hors to EO	
12	39	27	Learner	illows iluili	bers to 50	
87	54	76	Learner k	nows num	bers to 100	)
2 126	34 865	10 940				
			Learner k	nows num	bers to 100	0,000
			-	or each que . NS if one d		
			NS	2-3	4-6	7-9



Numb	er sense:	Missin	g numb	ers				
What nu	mbers are r	nissing?						
18		20	21		Learner k	nows miss	ing numbe	rs to 50
What nu	mbers are r	nissing?						
5		15	20		(multiple	nows miss s)	ing numbe	rs to 100
What nu	mbers are r	nissing?				nows miss	_	
200	190		170					
					-	or each que . NS if one d.		
					 NS	2-3	4-6	7-9

Number sen	se: Compa	ring and ord	lering numb	ers			
Which number i	s bigger?						
	3 and 9	16 and 42		Learner c	an compar	e numbers	to 50
A was a see the see as							
Arrange these n	58, 23,			Learner c	an arrange	numbers t	to 100
Arrange these n		est to largest 97, 172, 4055		Learner c	an arrange	numbers t	to 100000
				-	or each que . NS if one d.		
				NS	2	3	4



Νι	Number sense: Place value						
Wh	What is the value of the underlined digit?				Learner unde	erstands value	of digits in
	3 <u>6</u> 7	50 <u>9</u>	<u>7</u> 84		numbers	erstarius value	or digits in
					I -	ach question a if no question	
					NS	1	2-3

Number	r operations: A	ddition				
Find the to	otal of		The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	5 + 2	8 + 6	Can add s	ingle-digit	numbers	
Find the to	otal of		The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	12 + 23	62 + 37		wo 2-digt rens bound	•	vithout
Find the to	otal of		The learn	er can use ow working	<mark>any metho</mark>	-
	5 5 1	2 5 6	Can add t	wo 3-digit ndary)	numbers (	crossing
	+ 6 4 2	+ 6 9 5	_	or each que . NS if no q		
			NS	1-2	3-4	5-6



Number operations:	Subtraction	
9 - 3	5 - 2	The learner can use any method.  Can subtract single-digit numbers
28 -13	46 - 14	The learner can use any method.  Learner can subtract two-digit numbers (without crossing tens boundary)
8 4 5 - 4 3 1	4 5 6 - 6 8	The learner can use any method. S/he should show working if s/he can.  Can subtract three-digit numbers (without crossing tens boundary)
		1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if no questions answered.  NS 1-2 3-4 5-6

Number	operations: N	lultiplication				
	4 × 2	3 × 5		er can use	·	
	23 × 2	12 × 3	Can multi	er can use ply a two-c it number	ŕ	
	2 3 × 9	3 6 × 1 4		er can use	·	
				or each que . NS if no q 1-2		

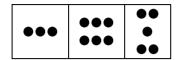


Number operations:	Division					
10 ÷ 2	25 ÷ 5		Learner digit nun		by a singl	e
21 ÷ 7	45 ÷ 9			can divide nber (any	by a 1 or method)	2-
6 3 6	5 6 4 !	_	numbers	can divide s (any met for each q ed correctl	hod)	
			question NS	1-2	ed. 3-4	5-6



# Numeracy Mid Progress Assessment (MPA): Module 1c

Learner copy



12	39	27
87	54	76
2 126	34 865	10 940

18		20	21	
5		15	20	
200	190		170	

3 and 9	16 and 42
58, 2	23, 98, 19
10 000, 324	<mark>1, 97, 172, 4 055</mark>

3 <u>6</u> 7	50 <u>9</u>	<u>7</u> 84

5 + 2	8 + 6
1 2	6 2
+ 2 3	+ 3 7
5 5 1	2 5 6
+ 6 4 2	+ 6 9 5

9 – 3	5 – 2
28 – 13	46 – 14
8 4 5	4 5 6
- <u>4 3 1</u>	- 68

4 × 2	3×5
23 × 2	12 × 3
2 3	3 6
× <u>9</u>	× <u>1 4</u>

10 ÷ 2	25 ÷ 5
21 ÷ 7	45 ÷ 9
6 3 6 6	5 6 4 5

Complete the **Mid Progress Assessment (MPA)** on all learners at the end of Module 1c. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **Mid Progress Assessment Form (MPAF)** at the end of Module 1c.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example, on **Place Value** Patience scores 2 out of a possible 3 marks, which is **Yellow**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **Y** (for yellow) instead.

#### Codes

NS = No score - th	e learner die	d not score
--------------------	---------------	-------------

<b>√</b>	=Learner h	ias a di	sability	known	to	the	team

Numeracy Mid Progress Assessment (MPA): Module 1c												
Learning Hub		District										
Community Educator					Coo	rdinato	or/ Mo	biliser				
			Num	iber sei	nse			Nu	umber operations			
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Patience Dube 011209		3	6	6	3	2	20	6	4	2	2	14
Clara Farai 011207	✓	2	4	4	2	NS	12	4	3	NS	NS	7

		Number sense			Nu	mber o	peratio	ons			
NAME AND ID NUMBER	Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)

Signed:

		Number sense				Number operations					
NAME AND ID NUMBER	Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Signed:	Cor	nmunity	⁄ Educat	or	Da	ate:			•		

**District Coordinator** 

Date:

Mid Progress Ass	essment Fo	orm (MPAF)

### **APPENDIX C: End Progress Assessment supporting documents**

#### **LITERACY/LEARNING ENGLISH**

- End Progress Assessment (EPA)
- End Progress Assessment Learner copy
- End Progress Assessment (EPA) form

#### **NUMERACY**

- End Progress Assessment (EPA)
- End Progress Assessment Learner copy
- End Progress Assessment (EPA) form



# <u>Literacy/Learning English</u> End Progress Assessment (EPA): Module 2C

Complete the **End Progress Assessment (EPA)** for all learners before the end of Module 2c. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **End Progress Assessment Form (EPAF)** before the end of Module 2c.

•	e it down?  me language. ences. nglish, ask her the blue	What the		introductor	y, and do		
What is your name? Can you write  Ask the learner these questions in ho Encourage her to answer in full sente If the learner does not understand Er questions in her home language and task.  What has been your favourite thing about coming to SAGE?	me language. ences. nglish, ask her the blue	Add up th	assessor sl				
Ask the learner these questions in ho Encourage her to answer in full sente If the learner does not understand Er questions in her home language and task.  What has been your favourite thing about coming to SAGE?	me language. ences. nglish, ask her the blue	Add up th	assessor sl				
Encourage her to answer in full sente If the learner does not understand Er questions in her home language and task.  What has been your favourite thing about coming to SAGE?  you	ences. nglish, ask her the blue	Add up th	assessor sl				
What has been your favourite What has been your favourite whing about coming to SAGE?	move on to the next		What the assessor should look Add up the total number of que answered. No score (NS) if one questions answered.				
Ask the learner these questions in home	nat is the best thing u have you learned?	word answe Can answe Can expres interests	vers er questions ss attitude/f	with one- or in full sente feelings/ opination answere	nces nions &		
	language. Encourage her,		wer in full se	entences.			
This is the colour green. True	nt to a pencil and point a book and ask: e pencil is bigger than	Can answer true/false statements					
the	e book. ue or False.	1 point for each question answered correctly.					
Ask the learner  What will you do now you have com	pleted SAGE?	•		itude and em n and facial f			
		1 point for correctly.	each quest	tion answere	ed		
What will help you achieve your goa Ask the learner to explain her/his ans	Absolute justification of answer (able to explain her/his choices).						
		-	r simple respor detailed r	•			
		1					
			Question	ns correct			



Letter/sound knowledge							
What is the name of this letter or letters? What sound does it make?							
1 point for a correct letter/sound combination.  * = digraphs should be one sound, not separate sounds. For example, /sh/ not /s/ /h/							
S	а						
р	t						
j	v						
sh	ch						
	1 point for each correct sound. NS if one or no questions answered.						
	Sounds correct						
	NS	2-4	5-6	7-8			

Reading: Word reading								
Point to each word and a	sk the learner, <b>W</b>	hat is this word?						
Stop when s/he gets five	words wrong.							
a	if	dad	yaı	m		in		
pan	dog	toe	bi	g		get		
see	look	go	and		no			
line	plate	children	hel	help		came		
water	would	find	liv	live		away		
different	another	stop	thought		su	ddenly		
			-		orrect wo	ord. NS if two iswered.		
				Soun	ds correc	t		
			NS	3-10	11-20	21-30		



#### **Reading: Picture reading**

Turn to page 6 in the Module 2c Learner's Self-Study Workbook.

Ask the learner: What can you see in this picture?

Describe what is happening. What might happen next?

1 point for each answer. NS if no questions answered.					
NS	1-2				

#### **Reading: Short passage reading**

Point to the word 'Chipinge – ask the learner to tell you the word. If s/he cannot read the word tell her/him what it says before s/he starts to read.

Tell the learner: Read the words silently to yourself.

Give her/him time to do this then say: Read the sentences to me.

Chipinge is a big town. It has a busy market. Mufaro lives there. She sells crops in the market.

1 point for each correct word. NS if three or fewer						
questions answered.						
Can reads orally with expression						
NS	4-7	8-14	15-18			

Comprehension							
Ask the learner: What is the story about?	Reading to retell a story						
	1 point for co	rrect answer. N	S if no question	s answered.			
Ask the learners two questions: Question 1: Where does Mufaro live? Question 2: What does she sell in the market?	Read silently and answer comprehension questions Read with clarity and expression						
	1 point for ea	ch correct answ	er.				
Ask the learner: What do you think could happen next?	Character analysis such as behaviour or actions						
		imple answer.					
	2 points for de	etailed answer.					
	Questions correct						
	NS	1	2-3	4-5			



Writing							
Ask the learner if s/he can write in home language. If s/he can, ask her/him to write two sentences							
about her/his homestead. If s/he cannot writ	e, ask her/him	to draw a pic	ture of her ho	mestead.			
Correct pen handling	1 point for ea	ch of the bullet	points				
<ul> <li>Shaping letters correctly – small and capital</li> </ul>	(up to 5 point	:s)					
letters	No Score if pi	cture drawn or	less skills show	n.			
<ul> <li>Simple sentences correctly punctuated:</li> </ul>							
question marks, full stops and capital letters							
<ul> <li>Conjunctions 'and', 'but'</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Descriptions of people, objects, pictures</li> </ul>							
Description of people, objects, pictures and	1 point for ea	ch of the bullet	t points				
places using parts of speech – nouns, verbs,	(up to 3 point	:s)					
prepositions and adjectives							
<ul> <li>Fluent, legible joined handwriting</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Extended punctuation – full stop, question</li> </ul>							
mark, comma and exclamation mark							
Can write fluently and confidently across creative	1 additional p	oint if learner c	an write a little	more and in			
works, including prose/poetry and drama	more detail (u	p to 3 points)					
		Question	s correct				
	NS	3-5	6-8	9-11			



# Literacy/Learning English End Progress Assessment (EPA): Module 2c Learner copy

S	а
р	t
j	V
sh	ch

а	if	dad	yam	in
pan	dog	toe	big	get
see	look	go	and	no
line	plate	children	help	came
water	would	find	live	away
different	another	stop	thought	suddenly

Chipinge is a big town. It has a busy market. Mufaro lives there. She sells crops in the market.



Complete the **End Progress Assessment (EPA)** on all learners before the end of Module 2c. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **End Progress Assessment Form (EPAF)** before the end of Module 2c.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example, on **Speaking and listening**, Patience scored 7 out of a possible 7 marks, which is **Yellow**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **Y** (for yellow) instead.

#### **Codes**

NS = No score – the learner did not score.  $\sqrt{\ }$  = The learner has a disability known to the team.

<u>Literac</u>	<u>Literacy/Learning English</u> End Progres						ss Assessment (EPA): Module 2c			
Learning Hub						District				
Community Educator						Coord	inator/	Mobilis	er	
				Liter	acy/Lea	rning En	glish			Comments
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	1. Record each learner's favourite thing about SAGE and what s/he learned.  2. Record each learner's goal for the future.
Patience Dube 011209		7	7	22	2	16	5	8	67	Meeting friends, being able to add up money To become a taxi driver
Clara Farai 011207	<b>✓</b>	7	8	15	2	12	4	6	54	Singing songs, learning letters and sounds To return to school

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	<ol> <li>Record each learner's favourite thing about SAGE and what s/he learned.</li> <li>Record each learner's goal for the future.</li> </ol>
									_

NAME AND ID NUMBER	Speaking and listening (7)	Letter/sound knowledge (8)	Word reading (30)	Picture reading (2)	Short passage reading (18)	Comprehension (5)	Writing (11)	TOTAL (81)	<ol> <li>Record each learner's favourite thing about SAGE and what s/he learned.</li> <li>Record each learner's goal for the future.</li> </ol>
Signed:		Commi	unity Edi	ucator			Date:		

Signed:	Community Educator	Date:
Signed:	District Coordinator	Date:



#### Numeracy End Progress Assessment (EPA): Module 2c

All learners need to complete the **End Progress Assessment** when they join the Hub.

If the learner does not understand English, use home language. Then move on to the next numeracy task.	. What the assessor should look for Add up the total number of questions answered.
Number sense: Counting	
How many in each group?	Learner can count to 10
	This is a practice activity for the learners.  For learners who do not know their numbers, try the next activity but if they do not score, stop the assessment.
	1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if one or no questions answered
	NS 2-3

#### **Number sense: Number recognition** Read the numbers shaded blue Read the numbers shaded red Learner knows numbers to 50 Read the numbers shaded yellow Learner knows numbers to 100 Learner knows numbers to 100,000 1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if one or no questions 625, 400 3,405 answered NS 2-3 4-6 7-9



Num	ber se	ense: l	Missin	g nun	nbers					
What i	number	s are m	issing?							
	8		10			13	Learner k	knows miss	ing numbe	rs to 50
What i	number	s are m	issing?							
	12	14			20		Learner knows missing numbers to 100 (multiples)			rs to 100
What	number	s are m	issing?				Learner knows missing numbers to 100,000 (backwards, multiples)			
	980	970	960				200,000	(000)	,,aa.pc.	,
							-	or each quo . NS if no q		
							NS	1-3	4-6	7-9

Number sense: Comparing and ordering numb	ers				
Which number is bigger?					
6 or 10 30 or 50	Learner c	an compar	e numbers	to 50	
Arrange these numbers, smallest to largest  75, 11, 9, 100	Learner c	an arrange	numbers t	o 100	
Arrange these numbers, smallest to largest  630, 2050, 54, 202, 1100,	Learner c	an arrange	numbers t	o 100000	
		1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if one or no questions answered.			
	NS	2	3	4	



Number sense: Place value							
What is the value of the underlined digit?					Learner unde	erstands value	of digits in
4 <u>2</u> <u>6</u> 3 <u>3</u> 80				numbers	erstarius value	or digits in	
					I -	ach question a if no question	
					NS	1	2-3

Number	r operations: A	ddition					
Find the to	otal of			The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	2+7 7+3			Can add s	single-digit	numbers	
Find the to	otal of			The learn	er can use	any metho	d.
	23 + 20	34 + 31			:wo 2-digt r :ens bound	•	vithout
Find the to	otal of		_	The learn	er can use ow working	<mark>any metho</mark>	
	4 2 1	5 1 5		Can add t	wo 3-digit ndary)	numbers (	crossing
	+ 1 3 6	+ 2 7 5		_	or each que . NS if no q		
				NS	1-2	3-4	5-6



Number operations: Subtraction						
5-3 9-7	The learner can use any method.  Can subtract single-digit numbers					
27 – 20 43 – 21	The learner can use any method.  Learner can subtract two-digit numbers (without crossing tens boundary)					
6 7 5 - 2 3 0 - 4 3 2	The learner can use any method. S/he should show working if s/he can.  Can subtract three-digit numbers (without crossing tens boundary)  1 point for each question answered correctly. NS if no questions answered.					
	NS 1-2 3-4 5-6					

Number operations: Multiplication						
3 × 2	4 × 5				any metho	
21 × 2	14 × 3		Can multi		any metho	
6 7 × 2 0	5 2 7 × <u>1 5</u>				any metho d three-dig	
			-	-	estion ansv uestions a	
			NS	1-2	3-4	5-6

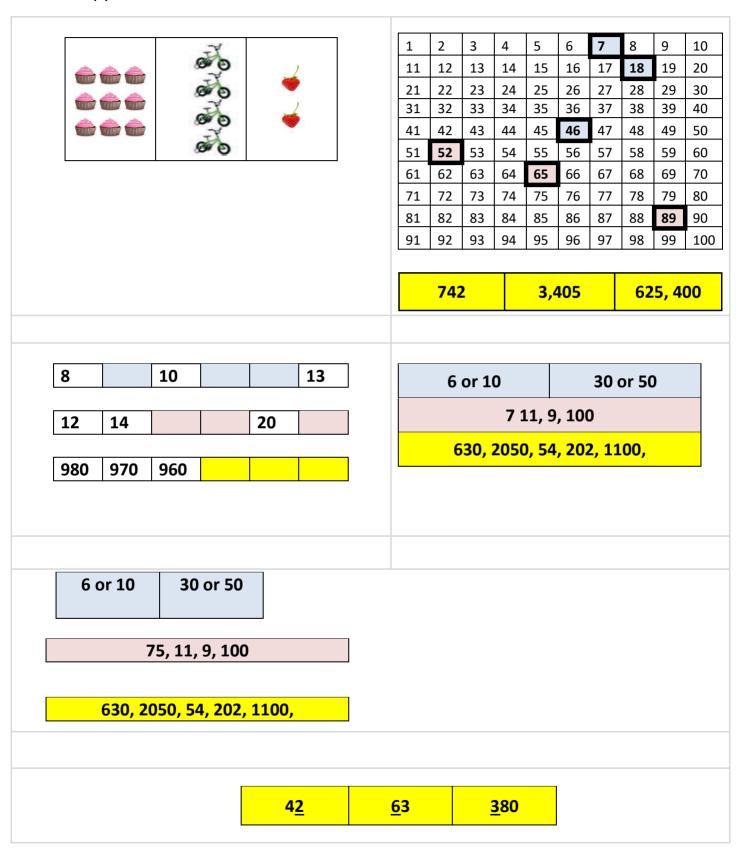


Number operations: Division							
	8 ÷ 2	20 ÷ 5		Learner digit num		by a single	9
	42 ÷ 6	80 ÷ 10			an divide b any metho	y a 1 or 2-d d)	digit
	4 4 2 8	9 3 6	5 9	numbers 1 point for answered	an divide a (any methor or each que d correctly. s answered	od) estion . NS if no	
				NS	1-2	3-4	5-6



#### Numeracy End Progress Assessment (EPA): Module 2c

Learner copy





2 + 7	7 + 3		
23 + 20	34 + 31		
4 2 1 + 1 3 6	5 1 5 + 2 7 5		

5 - 3	9 - 7		
27 - 20	43 - 21		
6 7 5 - 2 3 0	5 7 8 - 4 3 2		

3 × 2 =	4 × 5 =
21 × 2 =	14 × 3 =
6 7 × 2 0	5 2 7 × <u>1 5</u>

8 ÷ 2	20 ÷ 5
42 ÷ 6	80 ÷ 10
4 4 2 8	9 3 6 9

Complete the **End Progress Assessment (EPA)** on all learners before the end of Module 2c. Your District Coordinator or Community Mobiliser will collect your **End Progress Assessment Form (EPAF)** before the end of Module 2c.

Add the colour the learner achieved and the score s/he achieved for each activity. For example, on **Place value**, Patience scored 3 out of a possible 3 marks, which is **Yellow**. If you do not have any colours, write the letter **Y** (for yellow) instead.

#### Codes

NS = No score – the learner did not score.	=The learner has a disability known to the team.
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Numeracy End Progress Assessment (EPA): Module 2c												
Num	<u>erac</u>	<u>y</u> End	Progre	ess As	sessm	ent (E	PA):	Module	e 2c			
Learning Hub						District						
Community Educator					Cod	rdinato	or/ Mo	Nobiliser				
			Num	ıber sei	nse			Number operations				
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Patience Dube 011209		3	9	9	4	3	28	6	6	5	5	22
Clara Farai 011207	<b>√</b>	3	6	6	4	2	21	6	6	4	4	20

	Number sense					Number operations					
NAME AND ID NUMBER	Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)

Signed:

		Number sense					Nu	mber c	peratio	ons		
NAME AND ID NUMBER		Counting (3)	Number recognition (9)	Missing numbers (9)	Comparing and ordering numbers (4)	Place value (3)	TOTAL (28)	Addition (6)	Subtraction (6)	Multiplication (6)	Division (6)	TOTAL (24)
Signed: Community Educator Date:												

**District Coordinator** 

Date:















